

兔抗 PTAFR 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 兔抗 PTAFR 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-PTAFR rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别 名: PAFR
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃)
- 宿 主: Rabbit
- 抗 原: PTAFR
- 反应种属: Human
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

	This gene encodes a seven-transmembrane G-protein-coupled receptor for platelet-activating factor (PAF) that localizes to li pid rafts and/or caveolae in the cell membrane. PAF (1-0-alk yl-2-acetyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphorylcholine) is a phospholipid that plays a significant role in oncogenic transformation, tum or growth, angiogenesis, metastasis, and pro-inflammatory pr
Background:	ocesses. Binding of PAF to the PAF-receptor (PAFR) stimulate s numerous signal transduction pathways including phospholi
	pase C, D, A2, mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs), an
	d the phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system.
	Following PAFR activation, cells become rapidly desensitized
	and this refractory state is dependent on PAFR phosphorylati
	on, internalization, and down-regulation. Alternative splicing r





	esults in multiple transcript variants.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	PTAFR
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human PTAFR
Full name:	Platelet-activating factor receptor
Synonyms:	PAFR
SwissProt:	P25105
IHC positive control:	Human gastric cancer
	25-100

